

**DR.M.K.K.ARYA MODEL SCHOOL**  
**SOCIAL SCIENCE**  
**CLASS IV**  
**ASSIGNMENT CH-8 THE SOUTHERN PLATEAU**

**Q1. Define the Central Highlands.**

- A.1)The Central Highland is wide in the west but narrow in the east.  
2). These are bounded by Aravalli and Vindhya ranges. It is divided into two parts:-  
a). Malwa Plateau.  
b). The Chota Nagpur Plateau.

**Q2. Name the cities in Deccan Plateau.**

- A. Hyderabad, Bangaluru, Pune, Nagpur and Mysore.

**Q3.Explain Malwa Plateau and Chota Nagpur Plateau.**

**A. Malwa Plateau:-**1).It forms the western part of the Central Highlands.

2.) It lies to the north of the Narmada river.

3) Important cities in Malwa plateau are Indore, Bhopal, Devas and Ujjain.

**Chota Nagpur Plateau:-**1).It lies in the north-east of the southern plateau.

2).It covers Jharkhand,Chhattisgarh and northern Odisha.

3).It is rich in mineral resources like coal,iron,manganese and mica.

**Q4. Define Deccan plateau.**

A. 1).The Deccan plateau is a triangular in shape.

2).It is highland with vast stretches.

3).It is a flat area on top like a table.

4). It is the largest plateau in India.

**Q 5. Where Eastern and Western ghats meet?**

A. The Eastern and Western ghats meet each other in the south of Nilgiri hills.

**Q6. Name the dam built over Kaveri river.**

A. The Mettur dam is built over Kaveri river.

**Q7.Why the rivers of Deccan Plateau are seasonal?**

A. The rivers of southern plateau are seasonal because:

1.) These rivers depend upon monsoon.

2).There are no snow covered mountains to provide water to these rivers.

**Q 8.Describe the climate of Deccan Plateau?**

A.1). In summers ,the months March to June are hot.

2).Monsoon season starts from june and continues till October.

3).Winters starts from November and continues till February.

**Q 9.Which is the largest irrigation project in South India?**

A. The Mettur dam built on the Kaveri river is the largest irrigation project in south India.

Assignment-Chapter 9 – life of people in southern plateau

**Q1. Name the states lie in Southern Plateau.**

A.1.Madhya Pradesh 2.Jharkhand 3.Karnataka .4 Tamilnadu 5.Chattisgarh  
6 Andhra Pradesh 7.Odisha 8. Maharashtra 9.Telangana.

**Q2. Which are the famous tourist attraction in Madhya Pradesh?**

A.Khajuraho temples,Sanchi Stupa,Bhimbetka cave paintings and panchmarhi etc are the famous tourist attraction in Madhya Pradesh.

**Q3.'Chennai is called the city of temples'.Explain.**

A . 1).Chennai is called the city of temples.

2).It has many famous temples like Ratha temples, temples of Kanchipuram Meenakshi temple, Rameshwaram and Brihadeshwaram temple are very famous.

**Q4.What are the main occupations of people in Southern Plateau?**

A.1).The Primary occupation of people living in Southern plateau is farming.

2). The other occupations are fishing,animal rearing and handicrafts.

**Q5.Which are the two national set up to protect tigers?**

A.The Kanha National park and the Bandhavgarh national park are set up to protect tigers.

**Q6. Name some important cities in Madhya Pradesh.**

A . Gwalior, Jabalpur and Indore are the important cities in Madhya Pradesh.

**Q7. Name the main tribes found in Madhya Pradesh.**

A . Bhils, Gonds and Kols are the main tribes found here.

**Q8. Which is the second most populated state of India?**

A . Maharashtra is the second most populated state of India

**Q9. Name the commonly spoken language in Maharashtra.**

A . Marathi and Konkani are the commonly spoken languages in Maharashtra.

**Q10. Name the major IT city in Karnataka.**

A . Bangaluru is the major IT city in Karnataka.

**Q11. Which steel plant is one of the best in India?**

A . The Rourkela Steel Plant is one of the best steel plant in India.

**Q12. Which popular sweet dish was first invented in Odisha?**

A . Rasagolla was the popular sweet dish first invented in Odisha.

**Q13. Which popular sweet dish originated from puri about 2000 years ago?**

A . Kheer, a popular sweet dish originated from puri about 2000 years ago.

**Q14. Which is the world famous temple in Andhra Pradesh?**

A . Venkateshwara Temple in Tirupati is the world famous temple in Andhra Pradesh.

**Q15. Which is the longest beach in India?**

A . Marina beach in Chennai is the longest beach in India.

**Q16. What do you know about the new state Telangana?**

A . 1).Telangana is the 29<sup>th</sup> state of India.

2). It is formed in June 2014.

3).Hyderabad is its capital.

4).The other cities in this state are Nizamabad & Karimnagar.

**Assignment-Chapter 10 – Coastal Plains and Islands**

**Q 1.What are coastal plains?**

- A. 1). Our country has a long coastline.  
2). All along the coast, there is a narrow strip of plain land, called coastal plains.

**Q 2.Write a short note on Kochi sea port.**

- A . 1).Kochi is the most important seaport in the Malabar Coast.  
2). It has a big ship building yard.  
3). It has a hot and humid climate through out the year.  
4). Fishing is an important occupation.

**Q3. What is a light house?**

A . A place along the coast to warn the ships against rock in the water is called light house.

**Q4. What is an Island?**

A . An island is a piece of land surrounded by water on all sides.

**Q5. What is an islet?**

A . An islet is a very small island.

**Q6. Define an atoll.**

A . An atoll is a ring shaped coral island with a lake of sea water in the middle.

**Q7. Which part of India is called peninsula?**

A . The Southern part of India is called peninsula.

**Q8. Define the three parts of Western coastal plains**

- A. 1.**The Gujarat coast**:-it lies in Gujarat between the Gulf of kutch and Gulf of khambat.  
2.**The Konkan coast**:-a). The Konkan coast extends from Gulf of khambat to Goa.  
b).The coastline here is uneven, narrow and rocky.  
3.**The Malabar coast**:- a).The Southern part of the western coastal plain is called Malabar coast. (b) It extends from Goa to Kanyakumari.

**Q9. Define the two parts of the Eastern coastal plains.**

- A. 1. **The Northern Circars**:-The northern part of the eastern coastal plain between Mahanadi and Krishna rivers is called the northern circars.  
2.**Coromandel coast**:-The Southern part of the eastern coastal plain between Krishna and Kaveri rivers is called the coromandel coast.

**Q10. Name the cash crops that coastal plain produces.**

- A . 1).It produces number of cash crops like tea,rubber,cloves,pepper,cashewnuts and coffee  
.2).They also provide a large variety of fish.

**Q11. Which is the third largest port of India?**

A .Chennai, the capital of Tamilnadu is the third largest port of india.

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**Class-IV Social science**  
**Assignment-Chapter 11**  
**Life of People in Coastal Plains and Islands**

**Q1. Describe the tourists places, occupation, and dances of Gujarat.**

A.1) Somnath temple, Sabarmati Ashram, the residence of Gandhiji and Gir forests are important tourists places.

2). The main occupation is farming. Other major crops are sugarcane, jawar and groundnut.

3). The popular dances of Gujarat are garba, ras and bhavai.

4). Craftsmen make beautiful articles with shells and corals.

**Q2. Name some special dishes of Gujarat.**

A. Dhokla, Khandvi, thepla and basundi are the special dishes of Gujarat.

**Q3. Explain briefly the life of the people of Goa.**

A.1. Anjuna, Colva, Calangute, St. Xavier's church and Mahalakshmi temple are the tourist places in Goa.

2. Farming and fishing are the main occupations.

3. People eat rice, fish and vegetables.

4. They love to sing and dance. Mando is famous folk dance of Goa.

5. The Basilica of Bom Jesus in Goa is World Heritage site.

**Q4. Which is an important seaport in Goa?**

A. Mangaluru is an important sea port in Goa.

**Q5. Name the famous beach in Kerala.**

A. Kovalam beach is the famous beach in Kerala.

**Q6. Name the two religious temples of Kerala?**

A. Guruvayoor temple and Sabrimala temple are religious temples in Kerala.

**Q7. Name the major port in Odisha?**

A. Vishakhapatnam is the major port in Odisha.

**Q8. Write a short note on Andaman and Nicobar islands.**

A.1) Farming, fishing and animal rearing are the main occupations of the people of Andaman and Nicobar Island.

2). Rice is the main crop here..

3). People eat rice and sea food.

4). There are small scale industries like timber and agro based.

**Q 9. Describe the food, languages, festivals and industries of Lakshadweep Islands.**

A.1. Fish is an important part of food and coconut grows here in plenty.

2. Lava and Kolkali are famous folk dances.

3. People speak Malayalam language.

4. Fishing and tourism are the main industries .

5. Decorative items made up of shells and corals are the popular handicrafts.

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