

DR.M.K.K ARYA MODEL SCHOOL

Class-IV

Sub: Social science

Assignment-Chapter 1

Q1 What is the length and breadth of India?

A . 1) The length of India is 3,214 kms from Jammu and Kashmir in north to Kanyakumari in the south.

2) Its breadth is 2,933 kms from Gujarat in the west to Arunachal Pradesh in east.

Q2. Which two island countries are our neighbours across the sea?

A.Srilanka and Maldives are the two neighbouring countries across the sea.

Q3. Name the largest and smallest state of India.

A.Rajasthan is the largest and Goa is the smallest state of India.

Q4. Name the mountain range in the north of India.

A.Himalaya is the mountain range that lies in the north of India.

Q5.Which is the most populated country in the world?

A China is the most populated country in the world.

Q6. Name the neighbouring country which touches India's western border.

A Pakistan is the neighbouring country which touches India's western border.

Q7 .Which is the second most populated country in the world?

A India is the second most populated country in the world.

Q8 .Name the water body that lies in the south of India.

A Indian ocean is the water body that lies in the south of India.

Q9 .Which part of India is called peninsula and why?

A 1)The southern part of India is called peninsula.

2) It is surrounded by three water bodies, Bay of Bengal along the east coast,Arabian sea along the west coast and Indian Ocean in the south.

Q10 Name the southern most tip of the Indian mainland?

A.Kanyakumari is the southern most tip of the Indian mainland .

Q 11.What are the political divisions of India?

A.India is divided into 29 states and 7 union territories.

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Assignment-Chapter 2

Q1. Which is the highest mountain peak in the world?

Ans: -1) Mount Everest is the highest mountain peak in the world with a height of 8,848 meters.

2) It lies in Nepal.

Q 2.Name the second highest peak in the world?

Ans:-Mount Godwin Austen also known as K2 in Karakoram ranges is the second highest peak in the world.

Q3. What is a glacier?

Ans: a-) A glacier is a huge mass of ice.

b) It moves slowly along the mountain slopes.

Q4.What is Wildlife Sanctuary?

Ans: -1) Wildlife Sanctuary is a protected zone.

2) All animals live in natural surroundings without the fear of being hunted.

3) It is a home of wild animals.

Q5.Explain briefly the three ranges of Himalayas.

Ans. 1.**Himalayas range:**

a) It is the highest range.

b) It is always covered with snow.

c) Many glaciers are found here.

d) Climate is extremely cold. Shrubs, mosses and wild flowers can be grown here.

2. **Himachal range:**

a) This is a middle range.

b) It has dense forest.

c) Climate is pleasant in summers.

d) Hill stations like Shimla, Nainital and Kullu etc are the main hill stations of this range.

3. Shiwalik range:

a) This is the outer range.

b) It is covered with thick forest which is home of wild animals.

c) Terrace farming is done on the slopes of hills.

Q.6. What kind of trees and crops are found in terai regions?

Ans.:- Trees like Sal, Teak, Keekar and Babool and crops like wheat, rice and sugarcane are grown in terai regions.

Q7.Which is the largest glacier outside the poles?

Ans. The Siachen glacier is the largest glacier outside the poles.

Q8.Which is the highest peak in the greater Himalayas?

Ans. Kanchenjunga in the Himalayas is the highest peak in India.

Q9.What type of trees are found in the dense forest of Himadri range?

Ans. In Himadri range trees like pine and deodar are found on the mountain slopes.

Q10.Which is the most wettest place on the earth?

Ans. Mawsynram in Meghalaya is the wettest place on the earth.

Q11. Name the first people to climb Mount Everest?

Ans. The first people to climb Mount Everest were Tenzing Norgay and Sir Edmund Hillary in 1953.

Q12.Name the states that covers the Puruvanchal ranges.

Ans. Assam, Manipur, Tripura, Nagaland, Meghalaya and Mizoram are the states that covers the states of Puruvanchal ranges.

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Assignment-Chapter 3

Q1.Name the northernmost state of India.

A The northernmost state of India is Jammu and Kashmir.

Q2.What is the other name of Dal lake in Srinagar and why it is famous ?

A.a) The Dal lake in Srinagar is known as the 'Jewel in the crown of Kashmir'.

b) It is famous for its shikara boats and floating markets.

c) In these boats farmers sell fruits and vegetables.

Q3.Which two famous temples are located in Jammu and Kashmir for tourists interest?

A.The famous Vaishnodevi temple and Raghunath temple.

Q4.Which is the largest fresh water lake in Asia?

A.The Wular lake near Srinagar is the largest fresh water lake in Asia.

Q5.Describe briefly the climate, culture and occupations of kashmir?

A.Climate:-

a) Summers are cool,but the winters are very cold.

b) People use kangri to keep themselves warm in winters .

Culture:-

a) Both men and women wear a loose long woollen coat called phiran.

b) Phirni is the special sweet dish .

c) kahwa is a special green tea with spices and almonds.

Occupations:

a) Farming ,sheep rearing and weaving are the main occupations .

b). In summer season farmers grow crops.

c) In winter season people make handicrafts.

Q6. Why Nagaland is known as the "falcon capital of the world"?

A a).Nagaland is a home to rich variety of flora and fauna.

b) Millions of falcons are found here. That's why it is known as the falcon capital of the world.

Q7.Name the famous dance,gardens and languages spoken in Kashmir.

A.a) Nishant garden and Shalimar gardens are the famous gardens of Kashmir. b)

b) Pahari ,dogri and kashmiri etc are the main languages .

c).Rouff dance is a famous dance of kashmir.

Q8.Why Himachal Pradesh is called the fruit bowl of the country?

A.a) Himachal Pradesh is called the fruit bowl of the country :

b) This state has many orchards of apples, pears, plums and cherries etc.

c) It is also known as the "Apple state of India".

Q9. Why Himachal Pradesh is also called the " Flower basket of the world"?

- A. a) Flowers like Carnations, Marigold, Roses and Tulips etc are grown on a very large scale.
b) It is also being exported to many other countries .So it is called the flower basket of the world.

Q10. Why Nagaland is known as the land of festivals?

A. Nagaland is known as the land of festivals because:

- a) This state celebrates all the Christian festivals.
b) folk songs and dances are the part of the traditional Naga culture.
c) War dance is a famous dance of Nagaland.

Q11. Which states are known as "Seven Sisters"?

A. Assam, Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland and Tripura are known as Seven Sisters.

Q12. What does Meghalaya means?

- A. a) Meghalaya means "Abode of clouds".
b) It is also known as "Scotland of the east".

Q13. What is the main occupation and folk dance of Tripura?

- A a) Farming is the main occupation.
b) Garia dance is the folk dance of Tripura.

Q14. What are the main occupations and famous dance of Manipur.

- A. a) Farming and weaving are the main occupations of Manipur .
b) Crops like rice, maize and cotton etc are grown here
c) Manipuri is the famous dance of Manipur.

Q15. Describe the main occupation, crops and the main festival of Assam.

- A a). Farming is the main occupation.
b) Crops like rice, wheat, sugarcane, potato etc. are grown here.
c) Assam is also famous for tea gardens.
d) Bihu is the main festival of Assam.

Q16. What are the main tribes and famous festivals of Sikkim?

A. Lepcha, Bhutia and Nepali are the main tribes and Saga Dawa is the famous festival of Sikkim.

Q17. Name the popular hill stations in Uttarakhand.

A. Mussorie, Nainital and Ranikhet are the famous hill stations in Uttarakhand.

Q18. What is Kashmir Willow?

- A. a) Kashmir Willow is a type of wood.
b) It is used in making of high quality cricket bats.

Q19.Name the popular folk dance of Himachal Pradesh

A.Nati is a famous folk dance of Himachal Pradesh.

Q20.Describe the main occupation,crops and famous dance of Mizoram.

A a).The word Mizoram means the 'land of the hill people'.

b) Farming is the main occupation.

c) Crops like rice ,cotton, and maize are grown here

d).Bamboo dance is the famous folk dance of Mizoram.

Q21.What are the main tribes of Meghalaya?

A. Garo,Khasi and Jaintia are the main tribes of Meghalaya.

Dr. M.K.K. Arya Model School
Assignment – Class IV
Ch – 22, Our Goals, Rights and Duties

Answer the following:-

Q1 .What does the new fundamental right “ Right to education “ tells us about?

- Ans. 1) Right to education was added in the constitution in 2002.
2) It was implemented in the year 2010.
3) According to this, it is the right of the children to get free and compulsory education from 6-14 age group.

Q2. Write the Directive Principles mentioned in our constitution?

- Ans. 1) To provide free and compulsory education to children upto the age of 14 years.
2) To provide work to all men and women.
3) Equal wages for both men and women.

Q3. What are our Fundamental duties?

- Ans. 1) We must obey the laws of our country.
2) We must respect our National flag and National anthem.
3) We must protect the unity of our country.
4) We must pay our taxes.
5) We must protect our natural environment.

Q4. What do you mean by fundamental rights?

- Ans.a) Fundamental rights are the basic rights.
b) In which every citizen of India has the liberty to enjoy.
c) These rights are given to us by our constitution.

Q6. Being the citizen of India, what should be done if someone is deprived of his/her Fundamental rights?

Ans. If a citizen feels that he/she is deprived of his/her Fundamental rights, he or she can go to the court.

Q7.What are Fundamental duties?

Ans. Like Fundamental rights, we have some duties towards our country called Fundamental duties.