

Dr. M.K.K. Arya Model School
Lesson – 5 Panchayati Raj (Civics)

Class- VI Assignment (Social Science)

Q-1 Who calls the meetings of Gram Sabha and Gram Panchayat?

Ans. The meetings of Gram Sabha and Gram Panchayat are called by the Secretary.

Q-2 What problems do the women of Hardas village face?

Ans. They have to go to the Suru river, which is 3 Km away, to fetch water.

Q-3 Why is the Nirmal gram Puruskar awarded and to whom?

Ans. The Nirmal Gram Puruskar is awarded to the village Panch/Panchs for the excellent work done by him/them in the Panchayat.

Q-4 What are the functions of the Gram Panchayat?

Ans. (i) The construction and maintenance of roads, drainage and schools.

(ii) Levying and collection of local taxes.

(iii) Executing government schemes related to generating employment in the village.

Q-5 What are the sources of funds of Gram Panchayat?

Ans. Sources of funds for the Panchayats:

1. Collection of taxes on houses, market places etc.

2. Government scheme funds received through various departments of the government.

3. Donations for community works etc.

Q-6 What are the functions of the Zila Parishad?

Ans. (i) It makes development plans at the district level.

(ii) It regulates the money distribution among all the Gram Panchayat.

Q-7 Describe the three levels of Panchayats.

Ans. Panchayati Raj is a process through which people participate in their own Government. There are three levels of panchayats:

1. Gram Panchayat-They are answerable to Gram Sabha.

2. Panchayat Smiti- It has many Gram Panchayats under it.

3. Zila Parishad-It makes development planes at the district level and regulates the money distribution among all the Gram Panchayats