

DR. M. K. K. Arya Model School

Assignment-Class-VI(Civics)

Ch-1- 'Understanding Diversity'

1. What do you mean by the term Diversity?
 - A. Diversity is range of many people or things that are different from each other.
2. Give two examples of diversity.
 1. Indian people wear different types of clothes.
 2. People in India speak different languages.
3. Give one example which shows geographical diversity of Kerala and Ladakh.
 - A. Ladakh is located in hilly area where as Kerala is located in coastal area.
4. Give one example which shows commonality between Kerala and Ladakh?
 - A. Both regions are influenced by Chinese and Arab traders.
5. What are the major factors which leads to diversity?
 - A. Migration, physiographic division , religion ,language and climate are the major factors of diversity.
6. How India's freedom movement contributed in creating unity among the people?
 - A. Men and women, rich and poor, Hindus and Muslims, had gathered to protest against the British. It provided a common platform to all the people.
7. Define the term 'Unity in diversity'?
 - A. (i) Unity in diversity is a concept of "unity without uniformity "
 - (ii) This term was coined by Pt. Jawahar Lal Nehru to describe India .
 - (iii) As in India people of different caste, colour, religion live together and even fought against British rule.

8 . How did Indians show their unity against British in their freedom struggle?

- A. 1. They work together to decide joint actions.
- 2. They went to jail together.
- 3. They showed, how they could be different and yet be united.

9 . Describe Jallianwala Bagh Massacre of Amritsar.

- A. In Amritsar on 13 April 1919 at Jallianwala Bagh crowd of people gathered to protest against the arrest of two Indian leaders.
- B. General Dyer ordered to open fire on crowd.
- C. Firing continued for next 10 minutes.
- D. Hundreds of people were killed including children and thousand injured.
- E. Indian leaders strongly protested this brutal act.

10 Which song was sung after Jallianwala Bagh Massacre and why?

- A. The song “Don’t forget the days of Blood”----- was sung in honour and memory of those brave people, who were killed and wounded in the Jallianwala Bagh Massacre.

11. From where people who write stories get their ideas?

- A. Writers get ideas from books of different languages on the lives of great men ,lives of kings and queens so that we can follow the glorious part of their lives and to learn from their mistakes.

12.How does the National Anthem of India help in unifying Indians?

- (a) It inculcates a sense of nationalism and love for one's country.
- (b). It was first sung in 1911, at the Congress session in Calcutta that brought patriotic feeling among Indians, against the British colonial rule.
- (c) Later in 1950 the song, was adopted as the National Anthem.